PRODUCT INFORMATION

Catalog number ATGA0522

Clone No. AT2B7

Product type Monoclonal antibody

UnitProt No. A9YU04

NCBI Accession No. ABY19417

Alternative Names Hemagglutinin, Influenza A virus (A/Vietnam/HN31242/2007H5N1) haemagglutinin

Additional Information This product was produced from tissue culture supernatant.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Antibody Host Mouse

Reacts With Influenza A

Concentration 1mg/ml (determined by BCA assay)

Formulation

Liquid in. Phosphate-Buffered Saline (pH 7.4) with 0.02% Sodium Azide, 10% glycerol

Immunogen

Recombinant Influenza A H5N1/HA1 (17-338aa) purified from Baculovirus

Isotype IgG1 kappa

Purification Note

Application

ELISA, WB

Usage

The antibody has been tested by ELISA and Western blot analysis to assure specificity and reactivity. Since application varies, however, each investigation should be titrated by the reagent to obtain optimal results.



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Storage

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

BACKGROUND

Description

H5N1 is a subtype of the species Influenza A virus of the Influenzavirus A genus of the Orthomyxoviridae family. consists of single-stranded eight-segment negative-sense genomic RNAs, helical viral ribonucleoprotein (RNP) complexes (RNA segments NP, PB2, PB1 and PA), three viral envelope proteins (hemagglutinin [HA], neuraminidase [NA], and M2 ion channel), and a maxtir (M1) protein. Influenza A viruses are further classified into 16 HA (H1-H16) and 9 NA (N1-N9) serotypes based on the antigenic characteristics of HA and NA envelope glycoproteins. It is responsible for binding the virus to the cell that is being infected. HA protein has two functions. Firstly, it allows the recognition of target vertebrate cells, accomplished through the binding of these cells sialic acid-containing receptors. Secondly, once bound it facilitates the entry of the viral genome into the target cells by causing the fusion of host endosomal membrane with the viral membrane.

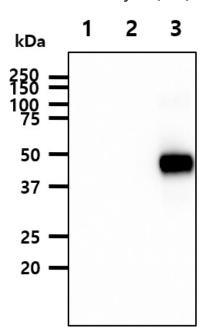
General References

Song D., et al. (2008) Emerg. Infect. Dis. 14:741-746 Li S., et al. (2010) Infect. Genet. Evol. 10:1286-1288 Horimoto T. Kawaoka X (2005) Influenza: Jessons from past pande

Horimoto T, Kawaoka Y (2005) Influenza: lessons from past pandemics, warnings from current incidents. Nat Rev Microbiol 3: 591-600.

DATA

Western blot analysis (WB)



Recombinant proteins (50ng) were resolved by SDS-PAGE, transferred to PVDF membrane and probed with anti-Influenza A H5N1/HA1 antibody (1:1000). Proteins were visualized using a goat anti-mouse secondary antibody conjugated to HRP and an ECL detection system. Lane 1.: Recombinant Influenza A H1N1 protein Lane 2.: Recombinant Influenza A H3N2 protein Lane 3.: Recombinant Influenza A H5N1/HA1 protein

