

# Recombinant human GRP94/HSP90B1 protein

Catalog Number: ATGP0276

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

---

**Expression system**

E.coli

**Domain**

22-803aa

**UniProt No.**

P14625

**NCBI Accession No.**

NP\_003290.1

**Alternative Names**

Tumor rejection antigen GP96, Tumor rejection antigen 1, TRA1, Stress inducible tumor rejection antigen GP96, HSP90B1, Heat shock protein 90 kDa beta member 1, GRP94, GRP 9, GP96 homolog, GP96, Glucose regulated protein 94kDa, Endothelial cell (HBMEC) glycoprotein, Endoplasmin, ECGP, 94 kDa glucose-regulated protein

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

---

**Molecular Weight**

94.4 kDa (819aa)

**Concentration**

1mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

**Formulation**

Liquid in. 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1mM DTT, 1mM EDTA, 0.1M NaCl, 10% glycerol,

**Purity**

&gt; 90% by SDS-PAGE

**Tag**

His-Tag

**Application**

SDS-PAGE

**Storage Condition**

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

## BACKGROUND

---

**Description**

GRP94, also known as Heat shock protein 90kDa beta, member 1 (HSP90B1), is an abundant resident endoplasmic reticulum (ER) luminal stress protein which together with cytosolic Hsp90 belongs to the Hsp90 family of molecular chaperones. It plays an important role in maintaining protein homeostasis in the secretory pathway. Also, GRP94 can function in the intracellular trafficking of peptides from the extracellular space to the

# Recombinant human GRP94/HSP90B1 protein

Catalog Number: ATGP0276

MHC class I antigen processing pathway of antigen presentation cells. Recombinant human GRP94 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in *E. coli* and purified by using conventional chromatography.

## Amino acid Sequence

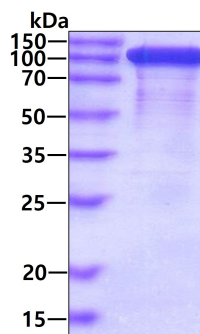
<MRGSHHHHHH GMASMTGGQQ MGRDLYDDDD KDRWGSM>DDE VDVDGTVEED LGKSREGSRT DDEVVQREEE  
AIQLDGLNAS QIRELREKSE KFAFQAEVNR MMKLIINSLY KNKEIFLREL ISNASDALDK IRLISLTDEN ALSGNEELTV  
KIKCDKEKNL LHVTDGTGVM TREELVKNLG TIAKSGTSEF LNMTEAQED GQSTSELIGQ FGVGFYSAFL VADKVIVTSK  
HNNDTQHIWE SDSNEFSVIA DPRGNTLGRG TTITLVLKEE ASDYLELDTI KNLVKKYSQF INFPIYVWSS KTETVEEPME  
EEEEAKEEKE ESDDEAAVEE EEEEEKPKTK KVEKTVDWE LMNDIKPIWQ RPSKEVEEDE YKAFYKFSK ESDDPMAYIH  
FTAEGEVTFK SILFVPTSAP RGLFDEYGSK KSDYIKLYVR RVFITDDFHD MMPKYLNFVK GVVDSDDLPL NVSRETQQH  
KLLKVIKRL VRKTLDMIKK IADDKYNTDF WKEFGTNIKLV GVIEDHSNRT RLAKLLRFQS SHHPTDITSL DQYVERMKEK  
QDKIYFMAGS SRKEAESSPF VERLLKKGYE VIYLTEPVDE YCIQALPEFD GKRFQNVAKE GVKFDESEKT KESREAVEKE  
FEPLLNWMKD KALKDKIEKA VVSQRLTESP CALVASQYGW SGNMERIMKA QAYQTGKDIS TNYYSQKKT FEINPRHPLI  
RDMLRRIKED EDDKTVLDLA VVLFETATLR SGYLLPDTKA YGDRIERMLR LSLNIDPDAK VEEPEEEPE ETAEDTTEDT  
EQDEDEEMDV GTDEEEETAK ESTAEKDEL

## General References

Randow F., et al. (2001). *Nat Cell Biol.* 3(10):E231.  
Li Z., et al. (2002). *Front Biosci.* 7:d731-51.

## DATA

### SDS-PAGE



3 $\mu$ g by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.