## PRODUCT INFORMATION

## Expression system

E.coli

## Domain

75-270aa

## UniProt No.

Q12797

## NCBI Accession No.

NP_001158227.1

## Alternative Names

Aspartyl/asparaginyl beta-hydroxylase, AAH, BAH, CASQ2BP1, HAAH, JCTN, junctin, Aspartyl/asparaginyl betahydroxylase ASP beta hydroxylase, Aspartyl/asparaginyl beta hydroxylase, Peptide aspartate beta dioxygenase,

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

## Molecular Weight

24.5 kDa (217aa) confirmed by MALDI-TOF (Molecular weight on SDS-PAGE will appear higher)

## Concentration

$1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ (determined by Bradford assay)

## Formulation

Liquid in. 20 mM Tris- HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1mM DTT, $10 \%$ glycerol

## Purity

> 90\% by SDS-PAGE

## Tag

His-Tag

## Application

SDS-PAGE

## Storage Condition

Can be stored at +2 C to +8 C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20 C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

## BACKGROUND

## Description

ASPH (Aspartate beta-hydroxylase) is a widely-expressed type II membrane protein involved in calcium homeostasis. Located in the endoplasmic reticulum, ASPH specifically hydroxylates an Asp or Asn residue in the epidermal growth factor-like (EGF) domains of several proteins, using iron as a cofactor. While all ASPH variants are expressed in skeletal muscle, only some are detected in heart, brain, pancreas, placenta, lung, liver, and kidney tissues. Recombinant human ASPH protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E. coli and
purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

## Amino acid Sequence

<MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH M>FDLVDYEEV LGKLGIYDAD GDGDFDVDDA KVLLGLKERS TSEPAVPPEE AEPHTEPEEQ VPVEAEPQNI EDEAKEQIQS LLHEMVHAEH ETEHSYHVEE TVSQDCNQDM EEMMSEQENP DSSEPVVEDE RLHHDTDDVT YQVYEEQAVY EPLENEGIEI TEVTAPPEDN PVEDSQVIVE EVSIFPVEEQ QEVPPDT

## General References

Kwon SJ., et al. (2009) Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 390(4):1389-94.

DATA

## SDS-PAGE



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.

