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Recombinant mouse RANK/TNFRSF11A protein

Catalog Number: ATGP3939

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Expression system

Baculovirus

Domain

31-214aa

UniProt No.

035305

NCBI Accession No.

NP 033425

Alternative Names

TNF receptor superfamily member 11a, Osteoclast differentiation factor receptor, Receptor activator of NF-KB, Familial expansile osteolysis, TRANCE receptor, RANK, CD265, FEO, ODFR, TRANCE-R

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Molecular Weight

47.5 kDa (426aa)

Concentration

1mg/ml (determined by absorbance at 280nm)

Formulation

Liquid in. Phosphate-Buffered Saline (pH 7.4) containing 10% glycerol

Purity

> 90% by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level

< 1 EU per 1ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

Tag

hlgG-His-Tag

Application

SDS-PAGE

Storage Condition

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

BACKGROUND

Description

RANK, as known as Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 11A (TNFRSF11A) is a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR) molecular sub-family. It is the receptor for RANK-Ligand (RANKL) and part of the RANK/RANKL/OPG signaling pathway that regulates osteoclast differentiation and activation. It is



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associated with bone remodeling and repair, activation of NF-kappa B and c-jun N-terminal kinase, enhancement of T cell growth and dendritic cell function, immune cell function, lymph node development, thermal regulation, and mammary gland development. It is able to block TRANCE induced biological activity. Recombinant mouse RANK, fused to hlgG-His-tag at C-terminus, was expressed in insect cell and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

Amino acid Sequence

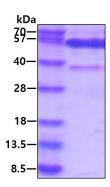
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ALVAVDPGNH TAPRRCACTA GYHWNSDCEC CRRNTECAPG FGAQHPLQLN KDTVCTPCLL GFFSDVFSST DKCKPWTNCT
LLGKLEAHQG TTESDVVCSS SMTLRRPPKE AQAYLPS
LEP KSCDKTHTCP PCPAPELLGG PSVFLFPPKP KDTLMISRTP
EVTCVVVDVS HEDPEVKFNW YVDGVEVHNA KTKPREEQYN STYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGK EYKCKVSNKA LPAPIEKTIS
KAKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSRDE LTKNQVSLTC LVKGFYPSDI AVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTPPV LDSDGSFFLY SKLTVDKSRW
QQGNVFSCSV MHEALHNHYT QKSLSLSPGK HHHHHHH>

General References

Anderson, D.M. et al. (1997) Nature 390, 175-179. Nakagawa, N. et al. (1998) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 245:395-400. Bharat B. Aggarwal. (2003) Nature 3, 745-756.

DATA

SDS-PAGE



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain

