

# Recombinant human Cathepsin F protein

Catalog Number: ATGP4026

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

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### Expression system

Baculovirus

### Domain

20-484aa

### UniProt No.

Q9UBX1

### NCBI Accession No.

NP\_003784

### Alternative Names

CTSF, CATSF, CLN13

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

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### Molecular Weight

52.5kDa (474aa)

### Concentration

0.25mg/ml (determined by Absorbance at 280nm)

### Formulation

Liquid. In Phosphate-Buffered Saline (pH 7.4) containing 40% glycerol

### Purity

> 90% by SDS-PAGE

### Endotoxin level

< 1 EU per 1ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

### Biological Activity

Specific activity is > 5 pmol/min/ug, and is defined as the amount of enzyme that hydrolyze 1pmole of Z-Phe-Arg-AMC to Z-Phe-Arg and AMC per minute at pH 5.0 at 37°C.

### Tag

His-Tag

### Application

SDS-PAGE, Enzyme Activity

### Storage Condition

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

## BACKGROUND

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# Recombinant human Cathepsin F protein

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## Description

Cathepsin F, also known as CTSF, belongs to the cathepsin family. Cathepsins are papain family cysteine proteinases that represent a major component of the lysosomal proteolytic system. This protein is thought to play a role in normal protein catabolism, and because it is highly expressed in some cancer cell lines, it may be involved in degradative processes occurring during tumor progression. The CTSF gene may function as a tumor suppressor in Gastric cancer and may be a potential therapeutic target in the treatment of Gastric cancer. It also can be used as an alternative way to test for the disease known as *Opisthorchis Viverrini*. Recombinant human Cathepsin F protein, fused to His-tag at C-terminus, was expressed in insect cell and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

## Amino acid Sequence

<ADL>APAQPRA ASFAQWGPS PELLAPTRFA LEMFNRRGAA GTRAVLGLVR GRVRRAGQGS LYSLEATLEE  
PPCNDPMVCR LPVSKKTLIC SFQVLDELGR HVLLRKDCGP VDTKVPAGE PKSAFTQGS MISSLSQNHP DNRNETFSSV  
ISLLNEDPLS QDLPVKMASI FKNFVITYNR TYESKEEARW RLSVFVNNMV RAQKIQLDR GTAQYGVTKF SDLTEEEFRT  
IYLNTLLRKE PGNKMKQAKS VGD LAPPEWD WRSKGAVTKV KDQGMCGSCW AFSVTGNVEG QWFLNQGTL  
SLSEQELLDC DKMDKACMGG LPSNAYSIAK NLGGLETEDD YSYQGHMQSC NFSAEKAKVY INDSVELSQN EQKLAAWLAK  
RGPISVAINA FGMQFYRHGI SRPLRPLCSP WLIDHAVLLV GYGNRSDVPF WAIKNSWGTD WGEKGYYYLH RGSGACGVNT  
MASSAVVD<HH HHHH>

## General References

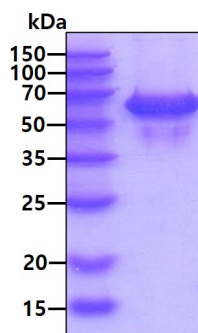
Schmitz J., et al, (2015) ChemMedChem. 10:1365-1377.

Ji C., et al, (2018) Oncol Res. 26:83-93.

Kulkarni G., et al, (2021) Schizophr Res. 228:435-437.

## DATA

### SDS-PAGE



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain